British Regime in Wisconsin

No wonder, then, their list'ner's stray'd From what they should have done or said! Thus Pettagouschac⁵⁵ said he'd take The French King's part, for conscience sake; And that,—because the priest Gebau Cajoled him with a petted crow.

Pray, did not Brieant Quebec's Bishop, Absolving those who threw their fish up, Make reverend priests stands centinel, And for Amen! cry, All is well! Eat pork in Lent, 'gainst popish laws, To serve your English father's cause. Should he then care if fish or meat, St. Joseph's tawny sons do eat; Or if the Twiggtwees chant the mass, Brieant would prove himself an ass. You say, the fiery Mascoutans⁵⁷ Won't strike the Kitchiemokomans!58 Ne Mascoutin drinks from my barrel, 'Till he espouse his father's quarrel; Nor shall he have an asseyan,59 Though he's exposed a naked man.

Say, have you wanted milk⁶⁰ to drink, Since your old friends, the Nippisink,⁶¹

⁵⁵ The great chief of the Pottawatamies, who had a Romish chapel built in his village.—A. S. DE P.

⁵⁶ The Bishop of Quebec espoused the British cause most heartily, when Quebec was besieged in 1763 [1775].—A. S. DE P.

⁵⁷ Mascoutin signifies fire—they were, by the French, called *Gens* de feu.—A. S. de P.

⁵⁸ The Virginians.—A. S. DE P.

⁵⁹ The Indians wear no breeches, but what might properly be called small-clothes—a small strip of blue cloth fixed to a belt, to answer the purpose of a fig bag.—A. S. DE P.

⁶⁰New England rum, called mother's milk.—A. S. DE P.

⁶¹ Indians inhabiting the borders of the Lake Nippisink.—A. S. DE P.